

DUNHELEN

GREENVALE



Contents

1.0	Introduction	4	6.0	Outbuildings and Accessories	2
1.1	The Vision	4	6.1	Outbuildings	2
1.2	The Process	6	6.2	Ancillary Items	2
1.3	Exemptions	8	6.3	Air Conditioning Units	2
1.4	Changes from the Endorsed Plans	8	70	Outdoor Spaces	2
20	Lot Planning	10	7.0	Landscaping of the Front Yard	2
	Lot Coverage	10		Front Yard Fencing	-
2.1			7.2		-
	Frontage Width	10	7.3	Rear Yard Fencing	_
	Front Setback	11	7.4	Access to the Rear Yard	2
2.4	Side and Rear Setbacks	11	7.5	Retaining Walls	
2.5	Garage Setbacks	11	7.6	Letterboxes	2
2.6	Use of the Setback Areas	11	7.7	Maintenance of Landscaping	2
3.0	Home Design	12	8.0	A Community for Every Generation	3
3.1	Style	12	8.1	Environmental Sustainability	3
3.2	Front Entry Structure	12	8.2	Creating Great Neighbours	3
3.3	Façade Articulation	14	8.3	Construction Obligations	3
3.4	Secondary Façade on a Corner Lot	16			
3.5	Distinctive Appearance	16	9.0	Appendices	3
3.6	Ceiling Height	17	9.1	Typical Inclusions	3
3.7	Prohibited Materials	17	9.2	Contemporary Landscape Design, Option 1	3
3.8	Colours	17	03	Contemporary Landscape Design,	
4.0	D (104.11	40	0.0	Option 2	3
	Roofs and Walls	18	9.4	Planting Palette: Contemporary Design	3
4.1	Roofs	18		Cottage Landscape Design, Option 1	3
	Eaves	19		Cottage Landscape Design, Option 2	3
4.3	Walls	20		Planting Palette: Cottage Design	4
5.0	Garages and Driveways	22	0.1	Training Falette. Outlage Design	٦
5.1	Garages	22			
	Driveways	23			
	•				
5.3	Garden Bed Beside Driveways	23			

1.0 *Introduction*

1.1 The Vision

A great design will help you add value to your home, increase sustainability, improve your quality of life, and foster a high standard of presentation for Dunhelen. These guidelines are not intended to limit design but help ensure that Dunhelen presents harmonious streetscapes, attractive modern homes and creates a community that all residents are proud of.

The key design elements that purchasers and home builders should address include:

- siting and orientation;
- architectural style and built form;
- fencing and landscaping;
- sustainability.

By purchasing an allotment at Dunhelen, you are making a promise to your neighbours and the community that you will uphold this vision by complying with these design standards.

By signing a contract of sale for your allotment, you commit to complying with these standards during and after the construction of your house.



1.2 The Process

The plans for all new buildings and outdoor works must be approved by the Design Assessment Panel (DAP) before applying for a Building Permit or starting construction.

The DAP is appointed by Jinding to oversee and implement the objectives of the Dunhelen Design Guidelines.

The Design Guidelines may be changed from time to time at the DAP's discretion. Applications will be assessed against the current version of the Design Guidelines.

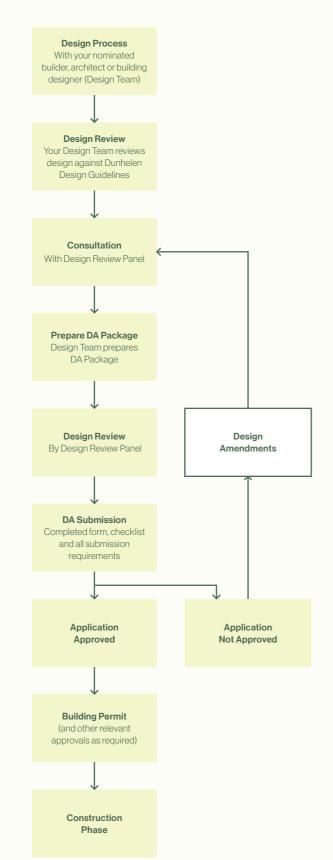
Interpretation and application of these
Design Guidelines is at the sole discretion
of the DAP. The DAP's decisions are final.
No claims shall be made to the Developer,
DAP or their representatives with respect
to the decisions made.

The DAP reserves the right to vary or waive the requirements of the Design Guidelines, if it believes that a proposal (or an element of a proposal) that is not strictly in accordance with the wording of the Design Guidelines nonetheless makes a positive contribution to the overall objectives of the built form and / or streetscape at Dunhelen.

These Design Guidelines have been prepared to assist Dunhelen purchasers and their builders / designers to construct well designed, high quality homes.

These guidelines will help create a premium community that is consistent in its vision and welcoming to its residents.

The following steps detail the design approval process at Dunhelen.



Step 1 — Purchase Your Land

Once you've purchased your preferred lot from Jinding, you can view all the relevant documentation you and your builder will need to build your new home via the Dunhelen Buyers Portal.

Step 2 — Design Your Home

Your builder will work with you to design your home to comply with the Dunhelen Design Guidelines. Your architect, builder and / or designer will also need to take into consideration the Building Envelope Plan and Plan of Subdivision.

You should also ensure that you have complied with any applicable building codes, council by-laws and other local authority requirements.

Step 3 — Submit Your Plans for Approval

When you are ready to make your submission to the DAP, you can lodge your house plans, colour schedules and landscape plans via the Dunhelen Buyers Portal, portal.dunhelengreenvale.com.au. There will be a link on the Buyers Portal that will take you to the DAP assessment form. Usually, the designer or builder you are using will submit the plans of your house and garden for design approval. You will be notified when the approval is granted.

The submission should be in PDF form and contain all the required information detailed in the checklist. Generally, your design will be reviewed within 10 working days of your initial submission, provided that all documents are submitted correctly.

In some cases, plans may need to be resubmitted. Specific feedback on your design will be provided to help facilitate approval if this occurs. If resubmission is required, for ease of processing please ensure that any alterations are highlighted.

Once your design is assessed and approved, you and your builder will be issued with a stamped, approved set of plans.

Step 4 — Building Permit Application by Your Builder

Once you've received your design approval, a Building Permit must be obtained from either the City of Hume or a licensed building surveyor. Your registered building surveyor will require your home design to comply with any legal or statutory requirements on the Plan of Subdivision and will require evidence of your DAP approval. If any further design modifications are made, you will be required to resubmit plans to the DAP for reassessment.

Step 5 — Construction

Once received, a Building Permit allows you to commence construction. In accordance with the Contract of Sale, construction of your home must commence within 6 months of settlement of your lot. Completion of your house, garage, driveway, crossover and retaining walls, should occur within 12 months of construction beginning. During the construction period, construction must not be paused for more than 3 months in total.

Step 6 — Certificate of Occupancy

The Certificate of Occupancy certifies that a home can be lived in. Your builder will typically look after this on your behalf. After receiving the Certificate of Occupancy, any fencing must be constructed in accordance with these guidelines within 3 months, and the landscaping of the front yard completed within 6 months.

A note for your builder: all kerb and footpath rectification works must be completed within 3 months of receiving your Certificate of Occupancy. Your driveway must be completed before you move into your new home. We want to ensure that the streetscapes at Dunhelen are well maintained for all residents to enjoy.

Small Lot Housing Code

Dunhelen is home to a diverse range of lot sizes. If your lot's area is smaller than 300 m², it is subject to the requirements of the Small Lot Housing Code (SLHC). The DAP will not assess proposals for compliance with the requirements of the SLHC.

The standards in the SLHC override some standards in the Dunhelen Design Guidelines. However, the DAP will still assess those standards from the Dunhelen Design Guidelines that are not overridden by the SLHC.

1.3 Exemptions

You may ask the DAP to exempt your design from one or more standards. The DAP may endorse proposed works which do not comply with the standards, if it finds the works will result in a better outcome and not cause significant detriment to any neighbours.

Please note that the DAP only has the power to waive some of the standards.

To apply for an exemption, note this when you complete your application. Specify the design control and explain the specific design reasons why your proposal should be exempted.

If the DAP has the power to grant a waiver of the specified control, it will apply the following four tests to your design:

- the proposal meets the general intent of the standards;
- the variation will not cause significant detriment to the streetscape or your neighbours;
- the design of the proposal is in keeping with the character of the area;
- there is no practical alternative.

If the DAP grants an exemption, it will detail in the letter of approval which standards have been waived and why.

1.4 Changes from the Endorsed Plans

What is built sometimes differs from that shown in the endorsed plans. If you wish to change what is built, either before or during construction, simply send the DAP revised plans for re-endorsement. These will usually be approved, with little delay.

If the audit shows your house and garden differs from the plans endorsed for your lot:

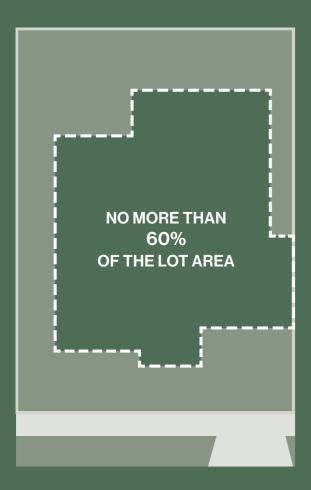
- you must seek approval for the changes or reconstruct the work to accord with the endorsed plans;
- you may be liable for liquidated damages;
- if not already installed, your landscape package may be revoked.



2.0 Lot Planning

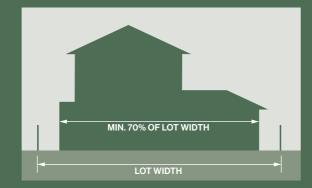
2.1 Lot Coverage

If the lot is not a SLHC lot, the built area must cover no more than 60% of the lot's area.



2.2 Frontage Width

The total width of the front of the building must occupy at least 70% of the width of the lot at the lot's front boundary.



2.3 Front Setback

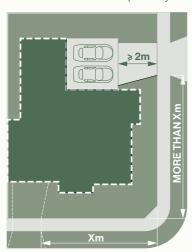
A. The house must be set back a minimum of 4.0 m and a maximum of 5.5 m from the lot's front boundary, except where other distances are specified in the building envelope plan.

2.4 Side and Rear Setbacks

- A. The house must be set back from one of the lot's side boundaries at least 1.0 m, except where other distances are specified in the building envelope plan. A garage may be built to one side boundary.
- B. If the lot is on a street corner, the house must be set back at least 1.5 m from the lot boundary beside the secondary street, except where another distance is specified in the building envelope plan.

2.5 Garage Setbacks

- A. The garage must be set back a minimum of 5.0 m from the front boundary of the lot.
- B. The front wall of the garage must be set back from the front wall of the house at least 500 mm.
- C. On a corner lot, the garage may face a secondary street, if:
 - it is set back from the lot's side boundary at least 1.5 m; and
 - it is further from the street corner than if it were on the primary street.



2.6 Use of the Setback Areas

- A. An open articulating structure on the front façade of the house, such as a verandah, porch, portico or covered balcony, must not extend into the front setback more than 1.5 m.
- B. An open articulating structure on the front façade of the house must be no higher above ground level than 4.5 m on a single storey house, or 6.6 m on a double storey house.
- C. Additional features listed below may encroach up to 500 mm into the side and rear setback distances, if not encroaching into any authority easement on the plan of subdivision.
 - porches and verandahs;
 - eaves, fascia and gutters;
 - screens, but only to the extent needed to protect a neighbouring property from a direct view;
 - domestic fuel tanks and water tanks;
 - heating and cooling equipment, and other services.

Dunhelen Greenvale — Design Guidelines

11 Dunhelen Greenvale — Design Guidelines

3.0 *Home Design*

3.1 Style

Houses at Dunhelen may have a versatile mix of contemporary façades of various styles.

This will be achieved through well-proportioned façade elements combined with the controlled use of architectural styles, materials and colours selected to ensure a cohesive streetscape and reflect the location.

Period styles such as Edwardian and Georgian, and period detailing such as quoins, fretwork, lacework etc. are generally not permitted.

Use of elements from previous styles as part of a contemporary design may be approved by the Design Assessment Panel on architectural merit.

Some examples of suitable front façades in different styles are shown on page 13.

3.2 Front Entry Structure

- A. Each house must incorporate a prominent front entry structure that is readily visible from the primary street frontage and complements the overall design of the house. The front entry structure may take the form of a portico, porch, veranda, or other feature to the satisfaction of the Design Assessment Panel, that has:
 - a minimum covered area of 3.0 m²; and
 - a minimum depth of 1.5 m.



Contemporary



/lodern



Traditional



Classical

3.3 Façade Articulation

- A. Every façade facing a street or park must be at least moderately articulated.
- B. If the house is double storey, the front façade must be articulated with structures such as balconies and gables.

Techniques to Articulate a Façade Include:

- stepping the façade with recessed or projecting areas;
- adding a structure that gives depth to the façade, such as a verandah, bay window, balcony, awning, or sunshade.

Examples of Acceptable Façade Articulation:





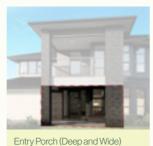








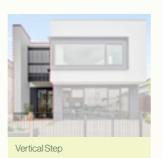






















3.4 Secondary Façade on a Corner Lot

A. A house on a corner lot must address the secondary frontage by incorporating the same or similar design features to those used on the primary frontage.

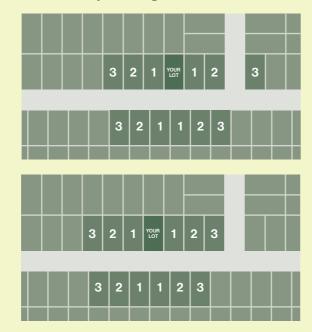
This may include:

- · windows with matching head heights;
- highlight materials and finishes that wrap around the primary façade;
- pergolas, porticos, porches, verandas, and balconies;
- · roof elements such as feature gables;
- other treatments to the satisfaction of the Design Assessment Panel.
- B. Materials used on the front façade must extend to the secondary frontage for a minimum of 3.0 m.
- C. Corner features must be forward of the return fence and be readily visible from the public realm. Blank walls forward of the return fence are not permitted.
- D. If the house is single storey, has a pitched roof and is on a corner lot, eaves must extend along all sides facing the public realm and return along the other sides at least 3.0 m, unless otherwise approved by the Design Assessment Panel.

3.5 Distinctive Appearance

A. The front façade must not be identical or very similar to the nearest three houses on the lots next door, that is, to the left and right on the same side of the street, and directly opposite.

This includes buildings constructed, under construction and in applications already received by the Design Assessment Panel.



- B. Techniques to vary the façade's appearance include:
 - alter the shape of the façade, using wall articulation, roof shape, and by adding features such as gables, verandahs and porches;
 - change the roof and wall materials;
 - vary the colours of roof materials, wall materials, window frames, window glass and garage doors;
 - modify the shape, size and placement of elements such as windows, columns and doors.

3.6 Ceiling Height

Rooms fronting the public realm, excluding garages, must have a minimum ground floor ceiling height of 2.7 m.

Other heights may be approved on architectural merit by the Design Assessment Panel.

3.7 Prohibited Materials

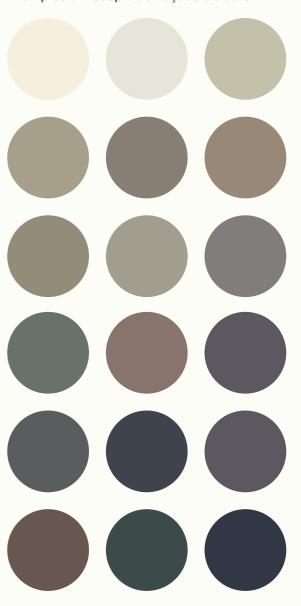
The following materials are typically prohibited in any area visible to the public:

- glass that is reflective, frosted, coloured, stained, leadlight or patterned;
- · removable film on glass;
- unpainted metalwork;
- · unpainted cement sheeting;
- · infill panels above openings;
- unscreened stumps;
- bright colours on walls and roofs, except if used as a highlight colour on the walls, and only with Design Assessment Panel approval;
- coffered or rectangular relief pattern garage doors;
- roller shutters over windows and doors, if the roller box is visible;
- plain, stamped or stencilled concrete;
- painted driveways;
- gravel driveways;
- shiny or reflective surfaces on driveways;
- letterboxes on a single narrow pole;
- hexagonal or diamond grills on windows or doors;
- historical or ornate style bars on security doors or windows.

3.8 Colours

The colour scheme of the house's exterior must be muted neutral tones. It must have moderate tonal contrast, avoiding being very light, very dark or a strong black and white contrast.

Examples of Acceptable Façade Colours:



4.0 Roofs and Walls

4.1 Roofs

- A. A variety of roofing forms and styles is encouraged.
- B. Articulated roof shapes with elements such as hips, gables, skillions, Dutch gables and/or dormer windows are encouraged.
- C. Other roof designs may be approved on architectural merit.
- D. Hip and gable roofs must have a minimum roof pitch of 22.5 degrees; steeper pitches are also encouraged on homes with a narrow frontage.
- E. The roof must be clad in factory-coated metal sheeting or low profile roof tiles. High profile tiles, such as half-round ones, are prohibited.
- F. Galvanized, Zincalume or unfinished roof cladding and rainwater fixtures are not permitted.
- G. Roof cladding must be matte and non-reflective.
- H. The colour of the roof must complement the colouring of the house.

Examples of Acceptable Roof Materials:



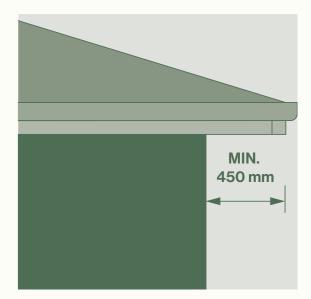


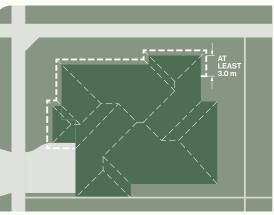




4.2 Eaves

- A. Eaves provide shade in the summer months and allow the winter sun to penetrate the home during winter. Greater energy efficiency can generally be achieved by constructing eaves, making the house more sustainable and providing the opportunity for energy savings.
- B. A pitched roof over a single storey wall must have eaves at least 450 mm deep on all sides of the house that face streets or public open space, and must return along the sides at least 3.0 m.
- C. A pitched roof over a double storey wall must have eaves at least 450 mm deep on all sides.
- D. Wall constructed on side boundaries (zero lot line) will be exempt from eave requirements.





Dunhelen Greenvale — Design Guidelines

4.3 Walls

- A. The front façade must include at least two and a maximum of four complementary wall materials or colours. The principal material or colour should cover no more than 80% of the front façade, not including the front door, garage door or windows. If only two materials are used, any one material must cover more than 20% of the wall area, and be prominent.
- B. The external surface of the front façade, and of the side walls for at least 3.0 m behind the front façade, must be made from one or more of the following materials:
 - stone;
 - masonry blocks;
 - weatherboard (painted);
 - lightweight cladding;
 - timber or timber composite cladding;
 - render; or
 - other materials that are approved by the Design Assessment Panel.
- C. Flat metal or cement sheets are prohibited. Other materials may be considered on merit.
- D. Additional requirements may apply to corner lots.

See section 3.5 for details.

Examples of Acceptable Wall Materials:





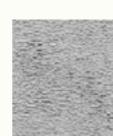






Stacked Stone











Rough Render

Textured Render

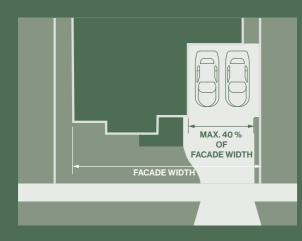
Weatherboard

Timber Cladding

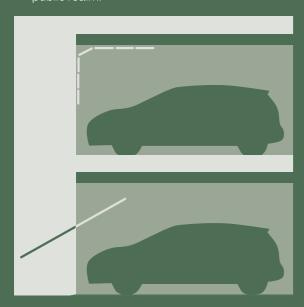
5.0 Garages and Driveways

5.1 Garage

- A. The garage must be an integral part of the house, not a separate structure.
- B. The garage must be enclosed. A carport or open-sided garage is not allowed.
- C. A lot with a frontage of 12.5 m or more must provide a double garage.
- D. The width of the garage door opening must not exceed 40% of the primary lot frontage.



E. If a garage door is visible from the public realm, it must be either a panel lift, sectional overhead, or other similar type. Roller doors are not permitted if they are visible from the public realm.



F. The colour of the garage door or doors must complement the front façade.

Examples of Acceptable Garage Door Styles:







5.2 Driveways

- A. Only one driveway is permitted per allotment.
- B. At the front boundary of the lot, the driveway must match the width of the crossover.
- C. The width of the driveway must be no wider than the garage opening.
- D. The driveway must be constructed from a hard material such as exposed aggregate concrete; coloured-through concrete, slate, natural stone, asphalt, or brick.
- E. The tone of the driveway must be between RGB 100, 100, 100 and RGB 200, 200, 200 (mid-grey to light grey).
- F. The driveway's colour should be muted.

 Driveways of uncoloured concrete or painted concrete are not permitted.

5.3 Garden Bed Beside Driveways

A. The area between the driveway and the nearest side boundary must be a garden bed at least 500 mm wide.

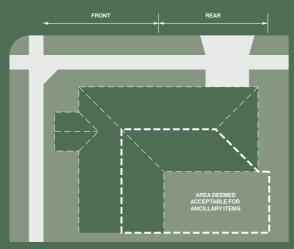
6.0 Outbuildings and Accessories Contents

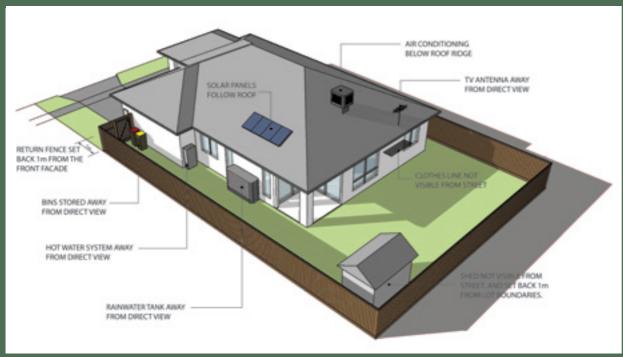
6.1 Outbuildings

- A. An outbuilding must use materials and colours to complement those used on the main dwelling.
- B. An outbuilding with a footprint smaller than 10.0 m² must be inconspicuous from the public realm.

6.2 Ancillary Items

- A. On a lot with one street frontage, ancillary items must be inconspicuous when viewed from the street. Items will be deemed to be inconspicuous if located in the rear 50% of the lot, fully screened, or inside a building.
- B. On a corner lot, any ancillary items must be inconspicuous when viewed from all adjacent streets. Items will be deemed to be inconspicuous if they are located in the rear 50% of the lot and on the side of the house opposite the secondary street, fully screened, or inside a building.





6.3 Air Conditioning Units

- A. An air conditioning unit on the roof must match the colour of the roof, be positioned below the roof ridge line and not be visible from streets or parks.
- B. An external condenser of a split air conditioning system, and all associated piping and cabling, must be mounted away from public view or be screened.
- C. Items mounted on a roof, such as solar panels, or items protruding through it, such as vents, must not be on a roof plane facing a street, or on a gable roof within 10.0 m of the front façade.

7.0 *Outdoor Spaces*

7.1 Landscaping of the Front Yard

Trees, shrubs and groundcovers ornament front yards and provide visual interest.

In selecting plants, please allow enough space for their branches and roots to spread as they grow. Also keep in mind the ability of roots to invade pipes and lift paving, and leaves to fill gutters.

Free Architecturally Designed Landscape Packages

At Dunhelen, Jinding is offering tailored front landscaping packages with four bespoke designs to choose from. To check your eligibility please refer to your Contract of Sale.

If you are eligible for the front landscaping package, a layout plan will need to be included in your submission with driveway materials, locations, and finishes, fencing line, water connections and water tank locations, letterbox design and location. Once your home construction is complete, visit the Dunhelen Buyers Portal to commence your landscaping consultation process.

If you are not eligible for the front landscaping package or decide to undertake your own landscaping;

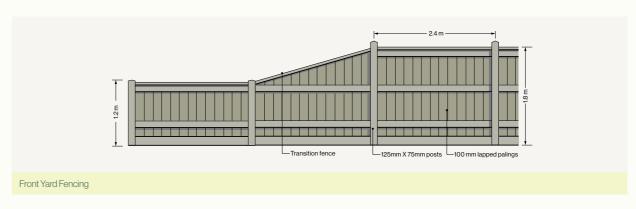
- A. A landscape plan of the front yard must be submitted as part of the application, showing the species of plants to be used, where they are to be planted, the total number of each species, and the size of each plant, either as pot size or trunk diameter.
- B. At least 20% of the area of the front yard must be garden beds. Beds must be mulched with at least 25 mm depth of bark, other organic material, or stones, and edged with a long-lasting material.
- C. Plants in garden beds must be planted densely enough to ensure minimal visibility of mulch within two years.



7.2 Front Yard Fencing

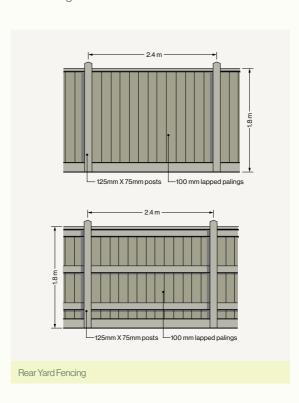
- A. Fencing of the front boundary of the lot is prohibited.
- B. Wing fences (fences on the lot's side boundaries) in front of the house must be no more than 1200 mm high.

C. Wing fences may transition in height to a return fence or building.



7.3 Rear Yard Fencing

A. Fencing of the rear yard for privacy must be made of capped timber palings with exposed posts and be no more than 1.8 m high above finished surface level.



- B. Rear yard fencing must be set back at least 1.0 m from the nearest front corner of the house.
- C. The maximum combined height of a fence and retaining wall must be no more than 2.0 m.
- D. A return fence (a fence between the house and the lot's side boundary) must match the adjoining fence in materials, finishes and height.
- E. A gate in a fence must match or complement the fence in materials, finishes and height.
- F. On a corner lot, the side fence next to a secondary street must be set back at least 3.0 m as standard from the front corner of the house.

7.4 Access to the Rear Yard

Access must be provided to the rear yard by a gate in the return fence or by a rear door in the garage.

7.5 Retaining Walls

Where filled or excavated, soil needs to be retained. Please first consider graded slopes, battering and other landscape treatments. If the level change is more than 1.0 m, use two or more stepped walls with planting beds between the walls.

The extent, height and finish of all proposed retaining walls must be included in any application for Design Approval.

Refer to Council for additional retaining wall requirements. Council approval may be required for retaining walls. Applicants should make their own enquiries.

- A. The maximum height of any retaining wall is generally 1.0 m.
- B. A planted garden bed at least 200 mm deep must be created in front of and between retaining walls to soften their appearance.
- C. Retaining walls visible from the public realm must be constructed from a material and finish to complement the house, to the satisfaction of the Design Assessment Panel. Timber sleepers are not permitted.

Acceptable finishes may include:

- stone;
- face or rendered masonry;
- concrete sleepers with an appropriate applied finish and galvanised support columns.

7.6 Letterboxes

- A. The materials, colours and style of the letterbox must complement the materials, colours and style of the house.
- B. If manufactured, note the make and model on the plans. If constructed, show dimension, materials and any necessary details on the plans.
- C. A letterbox on a single post will not be approved.

Below are some example letterboxes. These can be purchased at your local hardware store, Milkcan, Handy Box, and Letterboxes Direct.

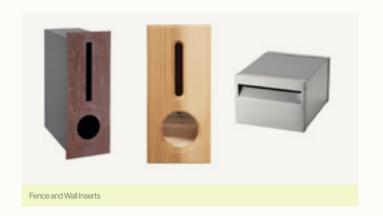
7.7 Maintenance of Landscaping

Any landscape areas visible from the street or open space must be kept neat and tidy at all times, with no excessive weed growth.

This includes nature strips, which are the responsibility of the lot owner.

Examples of Acceptable Letterbox Styles:





Dunhelen Greenvale — Design Guidelines 29 Dunhelen Greenvale — Design Guidelines

8.0 A Community for Every Generation

8.1 Environmental Sustainability

A. Liveability Considerations

Applicants are encouraged to submit designs that are environmentally responsible. The orientation of your lot will determine the best siting of the house on the lot. A building's orientation plays a large part in achieving the optimum solar access for your home during winter. Lots on the north side of a street will have sunny backyards – good for private outdoor living. Lots on the south side of a street will have sunny front yards – good for show piece gardens. Lots facing east-west will have sunny side yards – these houses should be sited to leave the largest possible outdoor living space along the northern boundary.

Dwellings can become more liveable by considering the orientation of rooms and windows, shading of windows and walls, ceiling heights, sustainable building materials, cross flow ventilation, covered open spaces, insulation and water efficient fixtures. Eave design can act as excellent shading devices during warmer months. Implementing these features can also result into substantial financial savings for the homeowner. Double storey homes must respect the privacy of neighbouring dwellings, including potential overshadowing issues that may arise as a result of siting choices. It is the responsibility of applicants with double storey proposals to ensure their design has demonstrated these factors and to receive approval from the relevant authority and / or building surveyor prior to construction.

B. Solar Heating Panels

Solar Heating Panels can help generate renewable electricity by converting energy from the sun.

These are strongly encouraged at Dunhelen because they offer a relatively cost effective way to reduce your outgoing utility bills, while also benefiting the environment.

C. Rainwater Tanks

Rainwater storage is encouraged at Dunhelen and can help reduce your outgoing utility bills, while providing water for your garden. To help calculate the size of water storage that you may require please contact the Department of Sustainability and Environment.

D. Recycled Water

Recycled water will be available for non-drinking purposes such as toilet flushing and garden usage. To reduce consumption of potable water, residents are required to connect all toilets and two garden taps (front and rear) to the recycled water system.

E. Energy Ratings

It is the applicants' responsibility when building a home to comply with Victoria's energy rating requirements. Dwelling designs should be assessed by a licensed energy rating company and they in turn will make recommendations regarding insulation and other resource saving measures. Dwellings must achieve the minimum standard as currently legislated.

Visit **sustainability.vic.gov.au** to learn more about the sustainable initiatives you can consider in your new home.

8.2 Creating Great Neighbours

You and the owners of the lots abutting yours are likely to be neighbours for years. At Dunhelen, we've created a community where neighbours can connect and build good relationships at the local parks and walking trails, or even via a friendly conversation over the fence. This guide has been created to help all new residents settle into their new community and to provide some tips to create a space where all feel welcomed.

A. Parking

Most land lots and homes have been designed to accommodate two vehicles. Vehicles are not permitted in your front yard, on footpaths, or on vacant land. Driveways can be used to park cars but are not intended for the long-term storage of boats, caravans, or containers. These are also not permitted to be parked on the street.

B. Gardens

To keep Dunhelen looking great, a landscape design standard has been created.

Front gardens should be kept tidy with your lawn, including verges, kept mown and free of weeds. Garden beds and plants should also be maintained regularly.

C. Waste

Rubbish bins are to be kept behind fences or away from public view, except on the day of rubbish collection. Once your rubbish has been collected, please ensure prompt collection of your bins and that they are once again stored out of public view.

D. Laundry

Clothes drying facilities must be located away from, or screened, from public view.

E. Noise

We're a community of friends and neighbours. In the interest of positive neighbour relations, please consider those around you and always keep noise to a respectable level.

F. Window Fittings

Homes should be fitted with curtains, blinds, or shutters. Please ensure visually prominent security screens (e.g. diamond grills), or vertical blinds are not installed on doors or windows facing any street frontage.

G. Fencing

Fencing is the responsibility of the property owners. If you share a fence with a neighbour, it's a good idea to consult them on the cost and timing of any shared boundary fences and retaining walls. That way you can make arrangements that suit both households. Due to privacy laws, Jinding can not disclose purchaser details, but you can request this information from Hume Council. Throughout the construction of your land lots, Jinding will host 'welcome events' which are a great opportunity to meet your neighbours. Another alternative, you can agree to pass on your details to your neighbours through the sales team or customer relations, and we can provide your details.

Please contact Customer Relations at customerrelations@jinding.com.au with your best contact details and the lots you wish to get in contact with.

H. Additionally

Dunhelen Greenvale — Design Guidelines

Any changes that you make on your lot that may impact your neighbours land should be discussed with your neighbour first. This includes changes to soil levels on the boundary of the lot. It is also your responsibility to not let increased volumes of stormwater discharge into other lots.

8.3 Construction Obligations

Maintaining appealing streetscapes is essential to Dunhelen even during the construction phase. We ask that you consider the following information and ensure your builder is also aware of the expectations so that Dunhelen always presents well and is welcoming to its visitors.

We thank you in advance for your cooperation.

A. Lot Maintenance

While waiting for construction to commence on your land lot, you must not allow any rubbish including site excavations and building materials to accumulate. Please maintain the lot to avoid excessive growth of grass or weeds.

B. Construction

During home construction, no rubbish can accumulate on the lot unless stored in a skip or bin and trade vehicles or delivery vehicles must not park on verges, footpaths, nature strips or park reserves.

Building materials are not permitted to be delivered or stored on the nature strip or anywhere outside the title boundary.

C. Erosion and Sediment Controls

It is important that construction activities do not have an adverse impact on the significant environment and natural features. Your builder will be required to implement appropriate erosion and sediment control measures on your lot to avoid adverse impacts.

D. Council Assets

Please ensure the council land directly surrounding your lot is not damaged during your home construction.

The road, verge and footpath in front of your lot are owned by Hume Council. Services such as water meters, telecommunication boxes and electrical pillars are assets owned by service authorities. These assets cannot be altered without approval from council or the relevant service authority. Council inspects these assets at the completion of construction, when assessing the Certificate of Occupancy to ensure no damage or alteration has occurred. It is the responsibility of the landowner to ensure that any required asset protection permits are obtained prior to the commencement of building works.

The purchaser shall not place any rubbish, including site excavations and building materials, on adjoining land, reserves or any waterways.

Please also protect any street trees, nature strips and kerbs during the building works.

E. Report Illegal Dumping or Damaged Property

To help minimise rubbish on site, if you witness illegal dumping of rubbish, soil, concrete etc, please take a photo and submit a report to the relevant local authority via the Snap, Send, Solve app.

www.snapsendsolve.com



9.0 Appendices

9.1 Typical Inclusions



Bluestone Paving





Concrete Steppers



Garden Bed & Turf



Hedge Planting

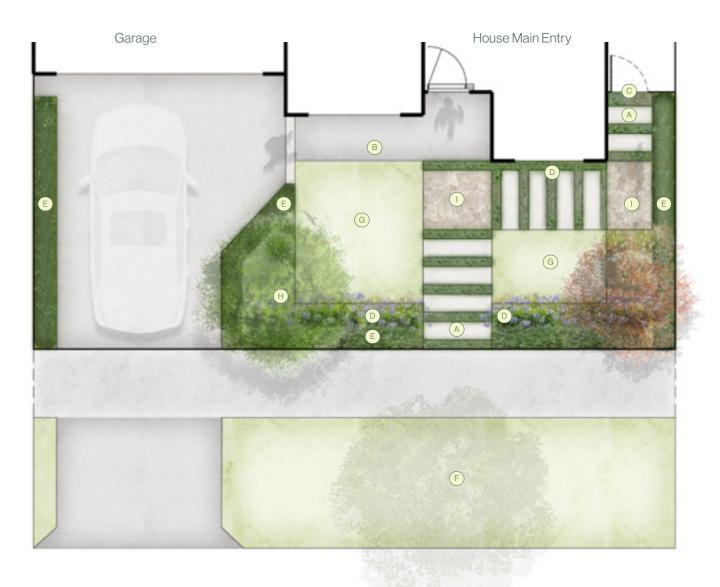


Sand Gravel (15 mm Dia) / Planting Colour Palette



Crazy Stepping Stone

9.2 Contemporary Landscape Design, Option 1



Legend

- A Bluestone Stepper
- B Entry Landing (by others)
- C Fence / Gate
- D Garden Bed Planting
- E Hedge Planting

- F Nature Strip with Street Tree (by others)
- G Open Grass Area
- H Small Tree
- Crazy Paving Stepping Stone

Indicative drawing based on lot with 14 m Frontage

Legend

- A Bluestone Stepper
- B Entry Landing (by others)
- C Fence / Gate
- D Garden Bed Planting
- E Hedge Planting

- F Nature Strip With Street Tree (by others)
- G Open Grass Area
- (H) Small Tree
- Crazy Paving Stepping Stone

Indicative drawing based on lot with 14 m Frontage

9.4 Planting Palette: Contemporary Design

Trees



Acer palmatum

LACE-LEAF JAPANESE MAPLE MATURE SIZE: 4 X 4 M



Acer Palmatum Senkaki

JAPANESE MAPLE MATURE SIZE: 5 X 4 M



Lagerstroemia indica

CREPE MYRTLE
MATURE SIZE: 5 X 4 M

Groundcovers



Dymondia 'Silver Carpet'

SILVER CARPET MATURE SIZE: 0.1 X 0.5 M



Ophiopogon japonicus

DWARF MONDO GRASS MATURE SIZE: 0.1 X 0.4 M



Senecio serpens

SYN KLEINIA REPENS MATURE SIZE: 0.3 X 0.5 M

Feature Plants



Abelia 'Kaleidoscope'

GLOSSY ABELIA MATURE SIZE: 0.7 X 0.9 M



Aloe barbadensis

ALOE VERA MATURE SIZE: 0.5 X 0.5 M



Rhagodia spinescens (clipped)

CREEPING SALTBUSH MATURE SIZE: 1.2 X 2.5 M



Westringia fruticosa (clipped)

COASTAL ROSEMARY MATURE SIZE: 1.5 X 1.5 M

Hedges



Correa glabra 'Ivory Lantern'

ROCK CORREA MATURE SIZE: 0.6 X 0.6 M



Rosmarinus officinalis

ROSEMARY MATURE SIZE: 0.8 X 0.6 M



Dianella 'Cassa Blue'

NATIVE FLAX MATURE SIZE: 0.4 X 0.5 M



Festiuca glauca 'Ecijan Blue'

BLUE FESCUE MATURE SIZE: 0.3 X 0.3 M



Lomandra longifolia 'Tanika'

MAT RUSH MATURE SIZE: 0.5 X 0.6 M



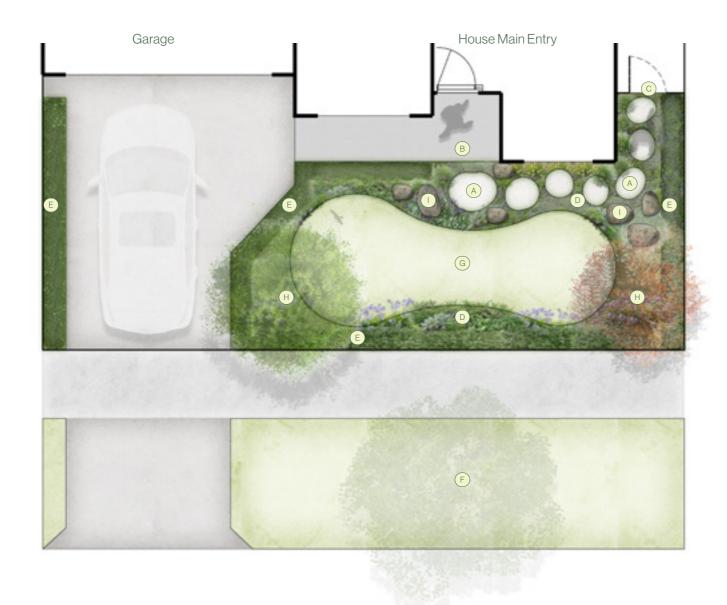
Pennisetum advena 'Rubrum'

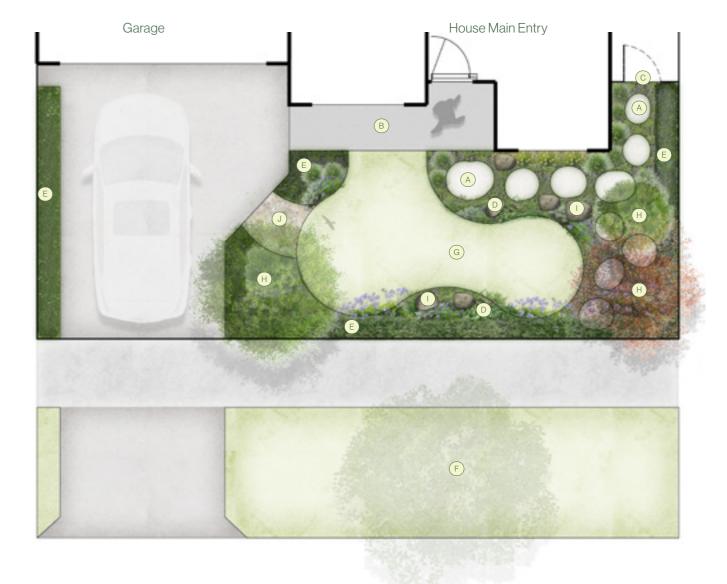
PURPLE FOUNTAIN GRASS MATURE SIZE: 1.2 X 1.0 M



Pennisetum setaceum

FOUNTAIN GRASS MATURE SIZE: 0.8 X 0.8 M





Legend

- A Bluestone Stepper Stone
- B Entry Landing (by others)
- C Fence / Gate
- D Garden Bed Planting
- E Hedge Planting

- F Nature Strip with Street Tree (by others)
- G Open Grass Area
- (H) Small Tree
- Rock Boulders

Legend

- A Bluestone Stepper
- B Entry Landing (by others)
- C Fence / Gate
- D Garden Bed Planting
- E Hedge Planting

- F Nature Strip With Street Tree (by others)
- G Open Grass Area
- H Small Tree
- Rock Boulders
- J Crazy Paving Stepping Stone

Indicative drawing based on lot with 14 m Frontage

Indicative drawing based on lot with 14 m Frontage

9.7 Planting Palette: Cottage Design

Trees



Acer palmatum

LACE-LEAF JAPANESE MAPLE MATURE SIZE: 4 X 4 M



Acer rubrum 'Autumn Red'

CANADIAN MAPLE MATURE SIZE: 12 X 9 M



Lagerstroemia indica x fauriei 'Tuscarora'

CREPE MYRTLE (HOT PINK) MATURE SIZE: 8 X 4 M



Magnolia grandiflora 'Little Gem'

LITTLE GEM MAGNOLIA MATURE SIZE: 6 X 3 M



Pyrus calleryana

BRADFORD PEAR MATURE SIZE: 4 X 4 M



Pistacia chinensis

CHINESE PISTACHIO MATURE SIZE: 8 X 6 M



Tristaniopsis laurina 'Luscious'

LUSCIOUS KANOOKA GUM MATURE SIZE: 8 X 4 M

Shrubs



Lavandula angustifolia 'Alba'

WHITE LAVENDER MATURE SIZE: 1X1M



Lavandula angustifolia 'Hidcote'

CANADIAN MAPLE MATURE SIZE: 12 X 9 M



Limonium perezii

SEA LAVENDER MATURE SIZE: 0.5 X 0.5 M



Murraya Min a Min

DWARF MOCK ORANGE MATURE SIZE: 1X1M



Nandina domestica 'Blush'

HEAVENLY BAMBOO, MATURE SIZE: 0.8 X 0.8 M



Santolina chamaecyparissus

LAVENDER COTTON BUSH MATURE SIZE: 0.5 X 0.6 M



'Jervis Gem'

COASTAL ROSEMARY MATURE SIZE: 1.2 X 1.5 M

Hedges



Correa glabra 'Ivory Lantern'

ROCK CORREA MATURE SIZE: 0.6 X 0.6 M



Rosmarinus officinalis

ROSEMARY MATURE SIZE: 0.8 X 0.6 M



Viburnum tinus 'Laurustinus'

LAURUSTINUS MATURE SIZE: 2 X 1 M



Westringia 'Wynyabbie Gem'

COASTAL ROSEMARY MATURE SIZE: 2 X 2 M

Grasses



Agapanthus orientalis 'Blue'

AFRICAN LILY MATURE SIZE: 0.7 X 0.5 M



Dianella 'Cassa Blue'

NATIVE FLAX MATURE SIZE: 0.4 X 0.5 M



MATURE SIZE: 0.5 X 0.5 M



Liriope muscari

SYN LIRIOPE EXILIFLORA



'Tanika'

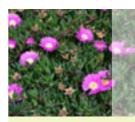
MAT RUSH MATURE SIZE: 0.5 X 0.6 M

Groundcovers



Pennisetum alopecuroides

SWAMP FOUNTAIN MATURE SIZE: 1X1M



Carpobrotus 'Aussie Rambler

PIG FACE MATURE SIZE: 0.2 X 2 M



Convolvulus sabatius

BLUE MORNING GLORY MATURE SIZE: 0.2 X 1.5 M



Ophiopogon japonicus

DWRAF MONDO GRASS MATURE SIZE: 0.1 X 0.4 M



Scaevola albida 'Mauve Clusters'

FAN FLOWER MATURE SIZE: 0.2 X 2 M



Stachys byzantina

LAMBS EAR MATURE SIZE: 0.2 X 0.8 M



NATIVE VIOLET MATURE SIZE: 0.2 X 1 M



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